LETTER

TOA

MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT In the Country,

FROM

His FRIEND in LONDON,

Relative to the CASE of

ADMIRAL BYNG:

WITH

Some original PAPERS and LETTERS

Which passed during the Expedition.

Andi alteram Partem.

LONDON:

Printed for J. COOKE, at the King's-Arms, in Great-Turnstile, Holborn.

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LETTER to a Member of Parliament in the Country,

FROM HIS

FRIEND in LONDON, &c.

Dear SIR,

N Obedience to your Request, I take this Opportunity of communicating to you, what I have been able to collect concerning the Affair of Mr. Byng, fince your Departure from London; and which I do the more chearfully, as I perceive by your Letter, you are one of those, who think, no Englishman ought to be convicted, unheard; or executed, unconvicted; and that every Attempt to spirit up popular Prejudice against the Accused, previous to a legal Determination, is not only a Breach of common Humanity, but a Violation of the Law of the Land, which supposes every Man innocent, till by a judicial Enquiry he is found to be otherwise. Had our Countrymen been more generally actuated by these just and humane Sentiments, what Reams of Paper had remained unpolluted! - what Piles of Fuel unconfumed, and been much more usefully applied, than in the premature Difgrace of a Man, who, for ought we yet know to the contrary, may be destined rather a Martyr to private Policy, than a Victim to public Juffice!

Upon the Effects of any fatal Mismanagement, you are sensible, it is no unusual State-Trick, for those in Power, to devote some Sacrifice (however innocent) to the popular Resentment, and thus, by a Sort of political Legerdemain, divert the public Attention from a real to an ideal Offender: How successfully this ministerial Hocus-Poens has in former Days been played off, History abundantly evinces; nor is it impossible but our suture Annals may afford an Instance of a FLEET's being doomed to ex-

pia

piate the Errors of a * * *; and an ADMIRAL made a Scape-

Goat, to bear away the Offences of a ***.

Tho' aware of this Artifice, I will frankly confess, that at first I partook of the general Delusion, and from a Zeal for the Glory of my Country, became a Dupe to the Defigns of its most dangerous Enemies.—No one was more clamorous in their Exclamations against the Cowardice of the Admiral—No one exulted more in the Flames of his Effigy—But when I reflected, that Execution should rather follow than preceed Conviction, that Clamour was far from being an unerring Proof of Guilt, and found these Measures were encouraged by those very Perfons, whose Duty it was to discountenance them; I began to suspect, they might possibly have something more than Truth for their Object, and somewhat less than Honefly for their Motive: Every Day's Practice still more and more confirmed my Suspicions; till at length the Farce became so extravagantly ontre, that the very Mob discovered the Name of Byng to be bandled round the Kingdom, only as a Bubble to their proper Indignation .-The libellous Forgeries, published under the specious Title of Letters from on Board the Fleet, were too glaring not to be detected, and the ridiculous Alarms of intended Escapes, with all the preventive Engines of Guards, Locks, Bolts, and Bars, only furnished Matter of Contempt and Laughter, as being plainly perceived to mean fomething more than the Security of the Prifoner.—But in Proportion as the enthusiastic Rage of the People against the Adinitial abated, it was observable, that, of a certain Junto increased: They saw their own Security concerned, and, perhaps, for the first Time, joined in a Cry for Vengeance upon a Failure of Duty in public Employment. A novel Instance, it must be confessed, of these Gentlemens Patriotism, and certainly has no other Object but Love of Country for its Foundation.

Bu the Treatment I found, Mr. Byng's Letter met with, sufficiently manifested what Ingenuity he had to expect from his Opposers, who, not being able (as they pretend) to understand it themselves, seem determined that no other Person should; else, why were several Passages in it resuled the Benefit of the Press? And then, that Ob-

lcurity

fcurity imputed to the Author, which those very Castrations had created? Might not, by the same critical Chymistry, David be made to chaunt Blasphemy, and Solomon utter Foolishness?—But as I am persuaded it will gratify your Curiosity, I shall here insert such Parts of the original Letter, as were not thought proper for the unhallowed Eye of the Public, and by that Means rescue Mr. Byng's Understanding at least, from any unsavourable Impressions you have received of it, on account of a Piece so par-

tially published in the impartial Gazette.

After Mention of being joined by his Majesty's Ship Phoenix, off Majorca, two Days before; the following Paffige is omitted ___ " by whom I had confirm'd, the Intelligence I received at Gibraltar, of the Strength of " the French Fleet, and of their being off Mahon. His Majesty's Colours were still flying at the Castle of St. " Philip's; and I could perceive several Bomb-Batteries " playing upon it from different Parts. French Colours " we saw flying on the West Part of St. Philip's. I dispatched the Phoenix, Chesterfield, and Dolphin a-head, " to reconnoitre the Harbour's Mouth, and Capt. Hervey " to endeavour to land a Letter for General Blakeney, " to let him know the Fleet was here to his Assistance, " tho' every one was of Opinion we could be of no Use " to him, as by all Accounts no Place was secured for " covering a Landing, could we have spared any People. " The Phanix was also to make the private Signal be-" tween Capt. Hervey and Capt. Scrope, as this latter would " undoubtedly come off, if it were practicable, having " kept the Dolphin's Barge with him: But the Enemy's " Fleet appearing to the S. E. and the Wind coming at " the same time strong off the Land, obliged me to call " those Ships in, before they could get quite so near the " Entrance of the Harbour, as to make fure what Batte-" ries or Guns might be placed, to prevent our having any " Communication with the Caftle."

Again, after giving an Account that the Captain, Intrepid, and Defiance were much damag'd in their M sts, these Words should have been added;—" so that they were endanger'd of not being able to secure their Masts properly at Sea, and also, that the Squadron in general "where very fickly, many kill'd and wounded, and no where to put a Third of their Number, if I made an Hospital of the 40 Gun Ship which was not easy at "Sea."

Though the Gazette indeed informs us, that Mr. Byng call'd a Council of War, and collected the Opinions of the Land-Officers upon the present Situation—it for-- " of Minorca and Gibraltar, and make bears to add-" fure of protecting the latter; fince it was found imor practicable to either succour or relieve the former, with " the Force we had; for though we may justly claim the " Victory; yet we are much inferior to the Weight of " their Ships, though the Numbers are equal; and they " have the Advantage of fending to Minorca their wounded, and getting Reinforcements of Seamen from their "Transports, and Soldiers from their Camp; all which " undoubtedly has been done in this Time that we have been laying too to refit, and often in Sight of Minorca, and their Ships have more than once appeared in a Line from our Mast-heads. I send their Lordships, the Re-" folution of the Council of War." Immediately after the following Passage is wholly omitted —— "I hope of indeed we shall find Stores to refit us at Gibraltar, and if I have any Reinforcement, I will not lose a Moment's Time to feek the Enemy again, and once more give them Battle, though they have a great Advantage in being clean Ships, that go three Feet to our one, and therefore have the Choice how they will engage us, or if they will at all, and will never let us close them, as their of fole View is the disabling our Ships, in which they have but too well succeeded, though we obliged them to bear

Nor was the following Article thought proper to be inferted —— "I cannot help urging their Lordships for a "Reinforcement, if none are yet sail'd on their Know- ledge of the Enemy's Strength in these Seas, and which, by very good Intelligence, will in a few Days be strengthened by four more large Ships from Toulon, almost ready to sail, if not now sailed to join them."

The Gazette, in another Part, inserts these Words, making the best of my Way to Gibraltar," instead of to COVER

Cover Gibraltar; and here, by the Way, let me observe, that there is a deeper Design in the Omission of this single Word, than perhaps you may at first be aware of: It was doubtless thought, this significant Word might chance to furnish too great an Insight into the real Orders of the Admiral; and it was much more for the Interest of some particular Persons, that the People should rather believe Mr. Byng went of his own Accord to screen himself at Gibraltar, than that he went thither, in consequence of his Orders to COVER it.

These, Sir, are the mortifying Members of the Admiral's Letter, which some State-Surgeons deemed nccessary for Amputation. These the unintelligible Passages, which, out of mere Mercy to his Intellects, they so humanely concealed from public Derision; yet I must confels myself so uncourtly a Critic, as to imagine that I have feen much greater Violence committed both on Senfe. and Language, in a much shorter Epistle under the authoritative Pen, of a modern State Secretary. - But you. Sir, will readily perceive, that however Form may be the Pretence, Matter was the real Cause of this unprecedented Abridgment; fince there appears hardly an Article in these proscrib'd Passages, which does not reflect more Dishonour upon Councels than Arms, and shews, what little Advantage we are to expect over our Enemies from the latter, unless affisted by Wisdom and Integrity in the for-

Though the People were graciously suffered to share some Morsels of the above-mentioned Intelligence, and like, Lazarus, were sed with the Crumbs which sell from the rich Man's Table; yet, it seems, they were not always to be permitted the same Indulgence; since another Letter from the Admiral was thought of too delicate a Nature even to pass the Consines of a C—b—t.

" Ramillies in Gibralter Bay, May 4. 1756.

es SIR,

"HIS comes to you by Express from hence by the "Way of Madrid, recommended to Sir Benja-

" min Keene, his Majesty's Minister at that Place, to be

forwarded with the utmost Expedition."

"I arrived here with the Squadron under my Command, the 2d Instant in the Asternaon, after a tedious "Passage of twenty-seven Days, occasioned by contrary Winds and Calms, and was extremely concerned to hear from Capt. Edgeumbe (who I found here with the Princess Louisa and Fortune Sloop) that he was obliged to retire from Minorca, the French having landed on that Island by all Accounts from thirteen to fifteen thousand Men."

"They failed from Toulon the 10th of last Month, with about one hundred and fixty, or two hundred Sail of Transports, escorted by thirteen Sail of Men of War; how many of the Line I have not been able to learn

" with any Certainty."

" If I had been so happy to have arrived at Mahon, be-" fore the French had lauded, I flatter myfelf, I should " have been able to have prevented their getting a Footing " on that Island; but as it has so unfortunately turned out, " I am firmly of Opinion, from the great Force they have " landed, and the Quantity of Provisions, Stores and " Ammunitions of all Kinds they brought with them, that " the throwing Men into the Castle, will only enable it to " hold out but a little Time longer, and add to the Num-" bers that must fall into the Enemy's Hands; for the " Garrison in time will be obliged to surrender, unless a " sufficient Number of Men could be landed to dislodge the French, or raile the Siege; however, I am deter-" mined to fail up to Minorca with the Squadron, where " I thall be a better Judge of the Situation of Affairs there, " and will give General Blakeney all the Affistance he thall " require; though I am afraid all Communications will be cut off between us, as is the Opinion of the Chief " Engineers of this Garrison (who have ferv'd in the " Island) and that of the other Officers of the Artillery. " who are acquainted with the Situation of the Harbour; for if the Enemy have erected Batteries on the two " Shores near the Entrance of the Harbour (an Advantage " scarce to be supposed they have neglected) it will render it impossible for our Boats to have a Passage to the

"By the inclosed List, delivered to me by Capt. Edgcumbe, their Lordships will observe the Strength of the
French Ships in Tonlon, and by the Copy of a Letter
from Marseilles, to General Blakeney, which I here with
transmit to you, their Lordships will perceive the Equipment the French have made on this Occasion. It is to
be apprehended, when they have got all the Ships they
possibly can ready for Service, they may think of turning their Thoughts this Way."

"If I should fail in the Relief of Port Mahon, I shall took upon the Security and Protection of Gibraltar as my next Object, and shall repair down here with the

" Squadron."

"I am forry to find, upon enquiring of the Naval "Officer here, that there are few or no Stores in the Magazines to supply any of the Squadron that may be in "Want of them; and it appears by a Letter I have received from the Store-keeper and Master Ship-wright,
that the careening Wharts, Store-houses, Pits, &c. are entirely decay'd, and I am afraid we shall find great
Difficulty in getting them repair'd, there being no Arrificers to be got here, and at present he can have no
Affistance from the Carpenters of the Fleet on Account of our Sailing."

"It requiring a proper Person to inspect into and manage those Affairs, I have taken upon me to give Mr. Milbourne Marsh (His Majesty's Naval Officer that was at Mahon, and who came down with Capt. Edgeumbe) an order to act as Master Ship-wright, which, I hope, their Lordships will approve, and have given him Orders to use his best Endeavours to put the Wharf, &c. in the best Condition he can, for very soon they will be wanted, as I apprehend, this is the only Place the Ships Squadron can come to resit, and many of them are in Want of Repairs and Careening; particularly the Portland, who has not been cleaned these twelve Months, nor the Chestersield, ten; besides many of the Ships that came out with me are soul: I fear from the Inconveniencies we shall meet with here, there will be great Difficulty

"ficulty in keeping the Ships clean, as there is but one

" Wharf for them to prepare and careen at."

" By a Council of War, held by General Fowke, a " Copy of which is herewith transmitted, it was not 46 thought proper to fend a Detatchment equal to a " Battallion for the Relief of Minorca, as it would e-" vidently weaken the Garrison of Gibralter, and be no " way effectual to the Relief of that Island for the Rea-" fons therein given: but, as I had represented that there " was a Deficiency of Men on board the Ships late un-" der the Command of Capt. Edgcumbe, on account of " his having left a Number of Sailors and Marines at " Minorca to affift in the Defence of that Place, and that " it was necessary to send a Detatchment on board those 4 Ships to help to mann them, this the General complied with, and I shall distribute some Seamen from the "Ships that came out with me to compleat their Com-" plement."

"The Chestersield, Portland and Dolphin are on their Passage from Mahon for this Place. The Phanix is gone to Leghorn by Order of Capt. Edgcumbe for Letters and Intelligence; and the Experiment is cruizing

off Cape Pallas, who I expect in every Hour."

"By a Letter from Mr. Banks, our Consul at Carthagena, to General Fowke, dated the 21st of April, it appears, that twelve Sail of Spanish Men of War are ordered for Cadiz and Ferrol, which are expected at that
Port, but on what Account he could not tell the Governor."

"We are employed in taking in Wine and compleating our Water with the utmost Dispatch, and shall let

no Opportunity flip of failing from hence.

"Herewith I send you enclosed a Copy of such Papers as have been delivered me, which I thought necessary for their Lordship's Inspection.

u I am,

3 SIR,

" Your most humble Servant,

Hon. J__ D C_d, E/q;

' J. B.

The

The Receipt of this Letter may be fixed as the Æra of Mr. Byng's destined Disgrace — Some discerning Politicians at Home, were, it feems, fo eminently indued with the Gift of Second-fight, as to foresee, in the Contents of it, that the Admiral -would not fight, and what they so miraculously foresaw, they made no Scruple to foretel; while every Hireling-Tongue was employed to propagate the Oracle throughout the Kingdom.—I know not, Sir, what you may be able to do, but for my Part, I have not Skill enough in the Art of Divination, to discover the pufillanimons Prognoftics in this Letter; and am not ashamed, to acknowledge myself so little read in the Rudiments of Court-Logic, as not to be able to fee the necessary Connection between Mr. Byng's preparing (as he fays) with the utinost Dispatch to meet the Enemy, and his Design to run away from them--This, indeed, I can perceive, and without any supernatural Degree of Inspiration, that there are several Articles in the Admiral's Letter of too uncourtly a Strain, to recommend him to some Persons Favour. and therefore it may be possible, those invidious Forebodings of his future Cowardice might proceed rather from a Spirit of Persecution, than that of Prophecy.

How must those, entrusted with the Management of public Affairs, relish Mr. Byng's confirming that general and indelible Reproach of his being fent too late, and that a timely Dispatch might have prevented even a single Frenchman setting his Foot upon the devoted Island?-How must his formidable Account of the Enemy's Force and Preparations, falfify the Predictions of those, who represented them as the mere Phantoms of our Imaginati--May not the Complaint of the ruinous Condition of the Wharfs, Pits, and Store-houses at Gibraltar, together with the almost total Want of necessary Stores for the Security of the Fleet, prejudice in his Disfavour thofe, to whose Province, the Care of these Affairs more particularly belong? May not the Foulness of his Ships be deemed a Secret improper to be divulged, after the fo much boasted Excellency of his Equipment?—In short, does not the whole Piece, rather unluckily contain an actual Proof of some other Person's Failure in Duty, than

afford any prophetic Tockens of his own?

I believe, by this Time, you are at no Loss to account for the Motives, which induced the Concealment of this Letter; the vindictive Effects it must have produced, and consequently, the present unpopular Situation of its Author, who seems to labour under the Calumny of having done those Things which be ought not to have done; only to screen others from the Imputation of having left undone

those Things which they ought to have done.

The Difingenuity of Mr. Byng's Adversaries is particularly remarkable, in the constant Anticipation of their Vengeance; for, as it was thought convenient to implant in the Minds of the People, a Suspicion of his Cowardice, before it could possibly be known, whether he would fight; so it was deemed equally expedient, to supercede him, before it could be fairly known, whether he had fought; for, previous to any authentic Account of the Engagement to the Admiralty, the following Dismission was very expeditionsly dispatched from it.

"SIR,

HIS Majesty having received an Account, that the Squadron under your Command, and that of the French under the Command of Monsieur Galissoniere, came to Action off of the Harbour of Mahon, the 20th of last Month, and that the French (tho' inferior to you in Force) kept before the Harbour, and obliged you to retreat; I am commanded by my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, to send you herewith an Extract of Monsieur Galissoniere's Letter to his Court, giving an Account of the Action, and to acquaint you, that his Majesty is so much dissatisfied with your Conduct, that he has ordered their Lordships to recal yourself and Mr. West, and to send out Sir Edward Hawke, and Rear-admiral Saunders, to command the Squadron."

[11]

"I am extremely forry to be obliged to inform you of uch a disagreeable Event, being with great Regard,

so one (Cose of various mester) y is the sea so that

However parent Account, generally given by the Present

uot A bana, nin Carabrand banad at salah Sebagai da sebit a la ulios salah, a Alipung Salah salah Nasa da sebigai da sebit a

Social Page

" Your most obedient bumble Servant,

Admiralty-Ofice, June 8. 1756.

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. 10 . . .

Now,

Now, Sir, is it to be credited, that this Death-warrant to the Reputation, as well as Power of an Admiral, should have no other Foundation, than the mistaken Supposition of his retreating from an inferior Force, † and the Authority of a Letter, from his Competitor for Victory?— Have the partial Accounts, generally given by the French of

† Hon. Admiral Byng's Squadron when he engaged Monfieur de la Galissoniere's off Cape Mola, the 20th of May 1756.

	Guns.	Weight	1		
Ship's Names.		Lower Deck.	Middle Deck.	Upper Deck.	Men.
Ramilies Culloden Buckingham Lancaster Trident Intrepid Captain Revenge Kingston Defiance Princes Louisa Portland	93 74 68 66 64 64 64 60 60 56 48	lb. 32 32 32 32 24 32 24 24 24 24 24 24	lb. 18	1b. 12 18 18 18 12 18 12 12 12 12 12	780 600 535 520 500 480 480 400 400 400 300
Frigates.	778	1			5875
Deptford Chestersield Phœnix Dolphin Experiment	48 40 22 22 22 22	2 4			280 250 160 160 160
Total	932	,			6885 onfieur

of their military Exploits, been usually adopted here as Articles of Faith, or what new Confidence have they now acquired, to hallow their Orthodox Might not Mr. Galissoniere partake too much of the Frailty of his Nation; to give a disadvantageous Testimony of the Success of its Arms.

Monfieur De LA GALISSONIERE'S Squadron when he landed the Troops at Minorca the 18th of April, and at the Engagement with Admiral Byno's Squadron off Cape Mola, the 20th of May, 1756.

	Guns.	Weight of Metal on the		SEA	Son	Total on B
Ships Names.		Lower Deck.	Upper Deck.	SEAMEN.	Soldiens.	Ship.
Foudroyant La Couronne Le Guerrier Le Temeraire Le Redoutable Le Hipopothame Le Fier Le Triton Le Lion Le Contant Le Sage L'Orphée	84 74 74 74 74 64 64 64 64 64 64	1b. 52 42 42 42 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	1b. 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	700 650 650 650 500 500 500 500 500	150	800 800 800 600 600
Frigates.	828			6800	1550	8350
La Juno La Rose La Gracieuse La Topaze La Nymphe	46 30 30 24 24		18 18 18 18	300 250 250 250 200		300 250 250 250 200
Total	982			8050	1550	9600

This Lift of the FRENCH Ships, as given by a FRENCH Officer made a Prisoner in a Tartan, the Morning of the Day of Action.

Atms, and of his own Conduct and Valour? But, I believe, this is the first Instance of a British Admiral being sacrificed, unheard, to the Romance of a French One.

I shall not trouble you with any further Remarks of my own, on this Letter from the Admiralty, fince Mr. Byng's Answer will afford you a much better Comment than I am able to make upon it.

" Gibralter-Bay, July 4. 1756.

SIR,

DY Sir Edward Hawke I have received their Lordships Orders, and your Letter of the 8th of " June, which I have immediately complied with, and " have only to express my Surprize at being so ignominioully dismissed from my Employment, in the Sight of " the Fleet I had commanded, in the Sight of the Garrison, " and in Sight of Spain, at such a Time, in such a Man-" ner, and after such Conduct, as I hope shall shortly appear to the whole World. 'Tis not now for me to expostulate; I flatter myself, that Mr. West and I shall " make evident the Injury done to our Characters, which " I know of nothing in the Power of any Being whatever that can attone for; fo high an Opinion I have of that, " which was ever unfullied before, and which I hope to 46 to make appear has been most injuriously and wrong-" fully attacked now, on the Grounds of a false Gasconade " of an open Enemy to our King and Country, and which " would have evidently appeared, had the poffible Time " been allowed for my own Express's Arrival, in which " there was nothing falle, nothing vaunting, nothing shameful, nor any Thing which could have prevented our re-ceiving his Majesty's royal Approbation, for having, " with a much inferior Force, fought, met, attacked, " and beat the Enemy: Of this, it is needless for me to fay more at present, than that I am forry to find Mr. " West, with the Captains, Lieutenants, and Officers of " the Ships we had our Flags on Board of, are to be Suf-" ferers for what I alone, as Commander in Chief, am answerable: But it is so much of a Piece with the

whole unheard of Treatment I have met with, that neither They, the Fleet, or Myself can be more astonished at that particular than at the whole.

"Iam,
"SIR.

" Your very bumble Servant,

" J. B.

To

The Hon. J-n C-d, Efq;

You, Sir, who are so discerning a Judge of human Nature, will find no Difficulty to discover whether this is an unaffected, unstudied Remonstrance, or a disguised Artifice in the Author: The Time, the Occasion, and the Circumstances under which it was wrote, must manifest them to be the Exposulations of a Man, rather conscious of Injury than Guilt; the Dictates of a Heart jealous of Honour, not of a Head studious of Security; and though it does not amount to a positive Exculpation of Guilt, must afford every unprejudiced Person a presumptive Evidence of Innocence; - yet by a peculiar Fatality attending the Admiral, this very Letter was to draw on him an Accumulation of Vengeance; its Smartness (to use the Phrase of his Adversaries) was deemed a Kind of Treason against their Dignity; and a modest Vindication of his own Conduct was construed into an insolent Impeachment of theirs; nor, indeed, do they feem to be much out in this Construction; since such is the Alternative, that what tends to exculpate the One, will be no very favourable Article towards the Justification of the Other; and to this CRITICAL ALTERNATIVE, I fear, it is, we may impute the whole unheard of Treatment Mr. Byng complains to have met with.

Though the Length of this Letter may already prove, how much I am inclined to fatisfy your Curiofity, I should still proceed to communicate some farther Anecdots of this important Affair, and convince you, that Disingenuity is the least Injury that has been offered the Admiral on this Occasion; but as this must necessarily include Facts, es-

fential.

fential to his future Defence, Honour and Justice forbid a present Discovery of them; and as they have been intrusted to me under the Seal of Secrecy, I am persuaded I shall not forfeit your Esteem, for not suffering even our Friendship to extort them from me; yet, thus far I may venture to hint, That, when you shall view this exploded SEA PIECE in its original Purity, you will find it very different from those fallacious Copies, which have been palmed upon the Public, by some prostitute Pencils, as genuine. You will find there no destardly Timidity in the Commander, no Diffatisfaction among the Officers at his Conduct; you will see the different Divisions mutually affishing each other to the utmost of their Power; -a Fleet, bravely repulfing an Enemy of much greater Force, and obliging them to feek for Safety, in the Advantage of a superior Speed; in short, you will see the British Flag (under the most disadvantageous Circumstances, even from its first setting out) performing all that Conduct and Courage could effect, and then, obliged in Prudence, to wait for those Reinforcements, which alone could insure its Security, and render its future Opposition of any Avail.-This, I presume, would afford you a very sensible Pleafure, not from any private or partial Respect to Mr. Byng. but from the Satisfaction to find, that whatever Lots or Dishonour the Nation may have sustained from this unfortunate Affair, it is not owing at least to any Deficiency of Naval Spirit, on which the Wealth and Glory of this Kingdom to effentially depend. But to conclude.

Notwithstanding the present Din of Defamation, and fanguinary Calls for Vengeance; I need not warn a Person of your Ingenuity, to suspend your Sentence till, upon a fair and candid Trial, the Admiral shall be found (what at present I have great Reason to believe him very invidiate oully misrepresented to be) a Son, unworthy of his Father,

A Native unworthy of his Country,—and an Office

cer unworthy of his Command.

I am,

SIR,

Yours, &c.

FINIS.